Circuit considerations

CIRCUIT TRAINING

Objectives

- To continue circuit training.
- To use the touch and go, and go around procedures.
- To use the terms and procedures employed when a deviation from the normal circuit is required.

Considerations

Touch and go

- · On runways with enough length can land, retract flap and take-off without stopping
- Saves time, can do more circuits

Go around / overshoot

- If for any reason the landing needs to be abandoned
- Full power, raise flap, climb ahead

Orbit

- 360° medium level turn
- Used to adjust spacing or to hold
- Commonly done downwind
- Not recommended at uncontrolled aerodromes

Extend downwind

- For separation
- Extend the downwind leg, and turn base when instructed (ATC)

Repositioning

- Usually done downwind, but can be done on any leg
- Change of direction used when there is a change of runway

Low level circuit

- Should only be done with instructor on board
- Does not give you automatic right-of-way

Wind gradient

- Wind strength decreases closer to the ground because of friction
- Affects flare possible floating

Windshear

- Sudden change in wind speed and/or direction
- Wind needs to be 10 kts or more
- If encounter sudden drop in airspeed and/or altitude - go around

Wake turbulence

- Disturbed air caused by wing producing lift
- Aircraft produces spirals from wingtips
- Avoid by keeping safe distance from aircraft ahead, especially those bigger
- If encounter go around

Dumb-bell turn

• Change circuit direction change by 180° turn on climb out

Glide approach

See separate briefing

- Airmanship • Aviate - Navigate - Communicate
 - ATC clearances
 - VFR minima in CTR

Air exercise

Touch and ao

 Keep straight Take-off

Go around

• Carb heat COLD

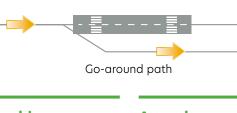
Aeroplane management

 SADIE checks S Suction А Amps/Alternator D D Ice 1 E Engine

Human factors Orientation cues

Civil Aviation Authority of New Zealand

- Full power beware of pitch change Nose to level attitude
- Reduce from full flap
- As speed increases nose on the horizon
- Safe height, safe airspeed, +ve RoC raise flap
- Track to the right of the runway
 - · Continue climb out to normal crosswind turning point
 - Advise ATC "going around"



Once nosewheel on runway, raise flap and apply full power

· Carry out any time a safe landing cannot be made

• Aviate - Navigate - Communicate

• Normal procedure, not emergency